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No. 19.

#### PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SCHOCH & SPERING.

TERMS .- Two dollars per annum in advance-Two dollars and a quarter, half yearly-and if not paid before the end of pers by a carrier or stage drivers employed by the proprie s, will be charged 37 1-2 cts. per year, extra. No papers discontinued until all arrearages are paid, excep

at the option of the Editors. 117 Advertisements not exceeding one square (sixteen lines inserted three weeks for one dollar: twenty-five cents or every subsequent insertion : larger ones in proportion. 

### To all Concerned.

We would call the attention of some of our subscribers, and especially certain Post Masters, to the following reasonable, and well settled rules of Law in relation to publishers, to the patrons of newspapers.

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS. Subscribers who do not give express no

tice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. 2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of

their papers, the publishers may continue to send them till all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they discontinued.

4. If subscribers remove to other places with out informing the publishers, and their paper is sent to the former direction, they are held re-

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper or periodical from the office. or removing and leaving it uncalled for, is "pri ms facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

### The Games of Life.

The little Miss at three years old, Plays with her doll and prattles : The little Master, stout and bold. Plays with his drums and rattles.

The Boy, detesting musty books, Loves romping with the lasses ; And Miss grows older, studies looks, And plays with looking glasses.

The jolly Toper, fond of fun, Plays with his friends at drinking: The Sportsman plays with dog and gun, And Wise Men play at thinking.

The Beauty, full of haughty airs, When young, plays at tormenting; But wrinkled, turns to other cares, Gay sports at last repenting.

Wretched from self-created wo, The Miser's game is hoarding; And when he meets his country's foe, The Sailor plays at boarding.

The Lawyer plays his game so well As gets him many a greeting; The Auctioneer with things to sell, The Glutton plays at eating.

To play at dosing, Doctors know A lengthy case is cheering; And those who would to Congress go. Play at electioneering.

With ledger busied, Merchants take A game at calculation; And Congressmen too often make

A plaything of the nation. By speaking much and doing nought, By bustling, threat'ning, raving, Congress the nation have not taught, That they have played at saving.

With looks profound, and thoughtful mind, Projectors play at scheming; Till worn with care, at last they find They've all along been dreaming.

The Lover sad, and woful wan, Plays day and night at fretting; While, laughing at the silly man, His Delia sports coquetting.

Cowards, with none but cowards nigh. Are fond of gasconading; And Statesmen fawn, and cringe and lie, And play at masquerading.

At setting types the Printers play, And sometimes with their quills; Their Patrons do not play they say, At paying off their bills.

The Player plays for wealth and fame; And thus all play together, Till death at last disturbs the game, And stops their play forever.

# From the N. Y. Spirit of the Times.

A "Millerite" Miracle.

in the year 1844, there was "all sorts" of excitement concerning the doctrines and prophe- than before, bringing his head directly downthe Midnight Cry, followed by the Morning ing out, "Oh! Brother Sam, take me with you," men were pale and ghastly from watching and too much, the belt gave way, and down came praying, and in fact, the whole population, or Sam, his bullet head taking the leader of the ing the popularity of the delusion, would not and amongst these was a wild, harum-scarum have settled their bill, and ordered their papers | blade from " Down East," by the name of CABE NEWHAM. Now Cabe was as hard "a case" as you would meet on a Fourth of July in Texas, always alive for fun and sport of any and every description, and a strong disbeliever in

The night of the 3d of April was the time agreed upon out West here, for the grand exhibition of "ground and lofty tumbling," and about ten o'clock of the said night, numbers of the Millerites assembled on the outskirts of the town, on a little eminence, upon which the proprietor had allowed a few trees to stand. In the crowd, and the only representative of his race present, was a free negro, by the name of Sam, about as ugly, black, wooly, and rough a descendant of Ham, as ever baked his shins over a kitchen fire.

Sam's head was small, body and arms very long, and his legs bore a remarkable resemblance to a pair of hames; in fact, put Sam on a horse, his legs clasped round its neck, his head towards the tail; and his arms clasped round the animal's hams, at ten paces off you would swear that he was an old set of patent

The leader of the Millerites, owing to "an ancient grudge he bore him," hated Sam "like smoke," and had done all in his power to prevent his admittance among the "elect," but all to no purpose-Sam would creep in at every meeting, and to-night here he was again, dressed in a robe of cheap cotton, secured to his body by a belt, and shouting and praying as loud as the

Now on the morning of the 3d, Cabe had, with a deal of perseverance, and more trouble, managed to throw a half inch hemp cord over the branch of an oak, which stretched its long arm directly over the spot where the Millerites would assemble; one end he had secured to the body of the tree, and the other to a stump some distance off. About 10 o'clock, when the excitement was getting about "80 lbs. to the inch," Cabe, wrapped in an old sheet, walked into the crowd, and proceeded to fasten in as secure a manner as possible, the end of the rope to the back part of the belt which confined Sam's "robe"-succeeded, and "sloped," to join some of his companions who had the other end. The few stars in the sky threw a dim light over the scene, and in a few moments the voice of Sam was heard, exclaiming "Gor Almighty! I'se a going up! Who-o-oh!" and sure enough, Sam was seen mounting into the "etherial blue;" his ascent was, however, checked dropped their robes and "slid." Now whether ly, and is very healthy. Mr. E. has the seeds. it was owing to the lightness of his head, or the length and weight of his heels, or both, Sam's position was not a pleasant one; the belt to which Cabe's cord was attached, was bound exactly round his centre of gravity, and Sam swung like a pair of scales, head up and heels down, heels up and head down, at the same time sweeping over the crowd like a pendulum, which motion was accelerated by his strenuous clapping of hands, and vigorous kicking. At A SAD ACCIDENT .- A person walking along length he became alarmed, he wouldn't go up. street stepped upon a watermelon, and got and he couldn't come down! "Lor a Massy," says that the man who eats tomatoes every day, a severe kick on the head by a horse. psized on the Rhine. A meloncholy acci- cried he, "jist take um poor nigger to um bosom, or lef him down agin, easy, easy, Got Al- dred years.

mighty! Lef him down agin, please um Lord, and dis nigger will go straight to um bed !-In a little village in the State of Hoosierana, Ugh-h-h"-and Sam's teeth chartered with affright, and he kicked again more vigorously the condition of a certain class of laborers in cies of that arch deceiver Miller. For months, ward, and his heels up, when a woman shriek-Howl, and the Noonday Yell, had circulated sprung at his head as he swept by her, and through the village and surrounding counties, to caught him by the wool, bringing him up "all celebrated Coon Speech. Men disposed of go um poor nigger's har." Cabe gave another wouldn't let you in !" C. A. P.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 10, 1845.

### The Philosopher's Stone.

The eccentric, but brilliant John Randolph. once suddenly arose from his seat in the House of Representatives, and screamed out at the top of his shrill voice, "Mr. Speaker! Mr. Speaker! I have discovered the Philosopher's stone. It is- Pay as you go!"

John Randolph dropped many gems from his mouth, but never a richer one than that.

' Pay as you,' and you need not dodge con-

and you have no fears of those you meet. You can look any man in the eye without flinching. You won't have to cross the highway to avoid a dun, or to look intently into the shop windows to avoid seeing a creditor.

"Pay as you go,' and you can snap your fingers at the world, and when you laugh it will be a hearty, honest one. It seems to us sometimes that we can tell the laugh of a poor debtor. He looks as if in doubt whether his laugh a piece. was not the property of his creditors, and not included in articles 'exempted from attach- \$1 each. A Coat of this kind cannot be made ment.' When he does succeed in getting out an abortion of a laugh-for it is nothing but an abortion-he appears frightened, and looks as though he expected it would be pounced upon

faces at home-happy, cherry-cheeked, smiling children—a contented wife—a cheerful hearth-

John Randolph was right. It is the 'Philosopher's Stone.'

## Division of Labor.

A certain preacher who was holding forth t a somewhat sleepy congregation, lifted up his eyes to the gallery, and beheld his son pelting the people below with chestnuts. Dominie was about to administer, ex cathedra, a sharp and stringent reprimand for this flagrant act of impiety and disrespect, but the youth anticipating him, bawled out at the top of his voice--

" You mind your preaching, daddy, and I'd keep them awake."

NEW SUBSTITUTE FOR COFFEE .- A letter from a gentleman to Hon. H. L. Ellsworth Washington, says the ripe seeds of the plant okra, much used in soup, &c., burned and used when he had cleared "terra firma" a few feet, as coffee, cannot be distinguished from it, even "Glory!" cried one, "Hallelujah!" another, the best Java. The seeds are sown an inch and shrieks and yells made night hideous; deep in dulls, four feet apart, in May, and culsome fainted, others prayed, and not a few tivated like corn or peas. It yields abundant-

> great place for babies. One of the papers seven thousand, under the age of five years.

> CAUTION TO SMOKERS .- German physiologist affirm that of twenty deaths of men between eighteen and twenty-five, ten originate in the waste of the constitution by smoking.

will live, barring casualities, more than a bun-

### Life in our Cities.

A writer in the New York Tribune, makes the following appalling statements, in regard to

"There are in this city, according to the closest estimates that can be made, ten thousand women who exist on what they can earn by the needle. The following are the prices for which an extent not even equalled by Dr. Duncan's standing." "Gosh! Sister," cried Sam, "lef a majority of these females are compelled to work-they being such as are paid by the large their property for little or nothing. The wo- pull at the rope, but the additional weight was depots, for shirts and clothing, in Chatham street

For making common white and checked cotat least those who believed in the coming as- saints a "feeler" just between the eyes .--- ton shirts, six cents each; common flannel uncension, looked as if they were about half over "Gosh! is I down agin?" cried the bewildered dershirts, the same. These are cut in such a second attack of the chills and fever. There Sam, gathering himself up; "I is, bress de manner as to make ten seams in two pairs of were, however, some "choice spirits," (not Lord! but I was nearly dar, I seed de gates!" sleeves. A common fast seamstress can make choice in theirs, however,) who, notwithstand- The leader wiped his overflowing probocis, two of these shirts per day. Sometimes very took Sam by the nape of the neck, led him to swift hands, by working from sunrise to midenlist under the banners of the ascensionists, the edge of the crowd, and giving him a kick night, can make three. This is equal to seven-"a la posteriore," said, "Leave you cussed ty-five cents per week, (allowing nothing for baboon, you are so infernal ugly I knowed they holidays, sickness, accidents, being out of work, &c.) for the first class, and \$1,12 1-2 for the

> Good cotton shirts, with linen bosoms, neatly stitched, are made for twenty-five cents. A good seamstress will make one in a day, thus earning \$1,50 per week, by constant labor.

> Fine linen shirts, with plaited bosoms, which cannot be made by the very best hand, in less than fifteen to eighteen hours, steady work, are paid fifty cents each. Ordinary hands make one shirt of this kind in two days.

Duck Trowsers, Overalls, &c., eight and ten cents each. Drawers and Undershirts, both Flannel and Cotton, from six to eight cents, "Pay as you go,' and you can walk the at the ordinary shops, and 12 1-2 at the best, streets with an erect back and a manly front, One garment is a day's work for some-others can make two.

> Satinet, Cassimere and Broad Cloth Pants, sometimes with gaiter bottoms and lined, from 18 to 30 cents per pair. One pair is a good day's work. Vests, 25 to 50 cents-the latter price paid

> only for work of the very best quality. Good hands make one a day.

Thin Coats are made for 25 to 37 1-2 cents

Heavy Pilot cloth Coats, with three pockets under three days.

Cloth Roundabouts and Pea-jackets, 25 to 50 cents. Three can be made in two days.

A great number of females are employed in making men's and boy's Caps. By constant 'Pay as you go.' and you will meet smiling labor, fifteen or eighteen hours a day, they can make from 14 to 25 cents. We are told by an old lady who has lived by this kind of work a long time, that when she begins at sunrise and works till midnight, she can earn 14 cents a

> A large majority of these women are American born, from the great Middle Class of life, many of whom have once been in comfortable and even affluent circumstances, and have been reduced by the death or bankruptcy of husbands and relatives, or other causes, to such traits. Many of them are the wives of ship-masters and other officers of vessels. Others are the widows of mechanics and poor men, and have children, aged mothers and fathers, &c., to support by their needle. Many have drunken husbands to add to their burdens and afflictions, and to darken every faint gleam of sunshine that domestic affection throws even in the humblest abode. Others have sick or bed-ridden husbands or children, or perhaps, have to endure the agony of receiving home a fallen daughter or an outlawed son, suddenly checked in their career of vice.

The manner in which these women livethe squalidness and unhealthy location and nature of their habitations—the inadequateness of It appears by the census that Wisconsin is their food and clothing-the impossibility of providing for any, the slightest recreation, or state them at the astomshing number of sixty- moral or intellectual culture, or of educating their children-can be easily imagined; but w assure the public that it would require an ex tremely active imagination to conceive the re

the case of a youth, named John Sweeny, a Boston and at Havanna; Catharine, Empress The Editor of the New York Evening Star most inveterate stammerer, who was cured by of Russia, a girl attached to a regiment; the

God send you more wil, and me more money

### The Mineral Resources of the United States.

The N. Y. Gazette has a correspondent who occasionally furnishes that paper with scraps of truly useful information. In a late numb r he gives a sketch of the mineral resources of the United States, from which we condense the following -

The granite of America surpasses the granite of all other countries, both in quantity and

In Maine the granite quarries are more valuable than in any other part of America. The whole expense of it delivered in New York, is \$3 62 per ton, and it is worth here \$7 00, leaving a gain of \$3 38 per ton.

The amount of Lime annually manufactured in Maine is about 700,000. This is more in value than the produce of all the Gold mines in our country.

At one Lime Factory on the Hudson -- a kilo is charged and heated every 12 hours. The amount daily manufactured there is about 700 bushels, to make which amount, requires about one ton of Authracite coal.

The Dutchess County Lime Kiln produces annually 15,000,000 bushels, worth about \$93-,

The quarries of gypsum, or plaster, in New York are very valuable. In Wheatland, Monroe county, 5000 tons are annually obtained .--In excavating for the Auburn and Syracuse Railroad, 30,000 tons were obtained between Syracuse and Camillus, which sold for \$35,000. The marble quarries of Massachusetts, Connecticut and New York are very valuable, and produce marble of great beauty and excellence. The income of the Berkshire marble quarries in Massachusetts, is annually \$70,000. Four chimney pieces of the Verd Antique marble, were obtained from New Haven, Connecticut, for the capitol at Washington, D. C., for which \$2,000 were paid The pillars of the Merchants' Exchange, in Wall street, are the largest stones ever quarried in America. They weigh 23 tons, and cost \$4000 each. They are from Quincy, Mass., of the same material as the Bunker Hill monument. This same granite is even taken as far as New Orleans!

Zinc has not until lately attracted much attention in this country. Within the last year, however, a company in Boston has become largely interested in the Zinc mines of New Jersey, located in Sussex county, and there is a prospect at present of their being effectually worked. A conditional offer was made to a French Company who satisfied themselves of the practicability of separating this metal in a large way--and they have recently caused the mines to be explored by a practical miner and metallurgist, but the result has not as yet been made public. It has been supposed that the lead, which is visibly exposed for a space of 4 feet by 600 feet, would yield a sufficient quantity of zinc to yield, at the market value, \$1,-

## Strange Origins.

An exchange paper, under this title, publishes the following:

Moses was a shepherd; Noah a farmer; Confucius a carpenter; Mahomet an ass-driver; Mehemet Ali a barber; the actual Emperor of Morocco, a picture dealer; Bernandotte, a surgeon in the garrison of Martinique, at the time of the invasion of the English; Madame Bernandotte, a washerwoman of Paris; Napoleon, who descended from an obscure Corscian family, was only a major when he espoused Josephine, daughter of a tobacco merchant, creole of Martinique; Franklin was a printer; President Boyer, a mulatto barber; President Tyler, a militia captain; Oliver Cromwell, a brewer; President Polk, a tavern-keeper; the step father of Isabella, Queen of Spain, the husband of Christiana, and the brother-in-law of the King of Naples, was a waiter in a coffee house; General Espartero was a sexton; King Christopher, of Hayti, was a slave of St. Kitt; the present President of Hayti was also a slave; Bolivar, an apothecary; Gen. Paez, a cow driver; Vasco de Gama, a sailor; Columbus, a sailor; Louis The Caledonia Mercury narrates at length Phillippe, a school master in Switzerland, at present Governor of Maderia, a tailor; the Miuister of Finances, of Portugal, a wine merchant.